

primary studies - published RCT

# A two-year randomized, placebo-controlled trial of dornase alfa in young patients with cystic fibrosis with mild lung function abnormalities.

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# Study design (if review, criteria of inclusion for studies)

Randomised, double-blind parallel placebo controlled trial over 96 weeks

## **Participants**

60 participants withdrew from the study, 472 (out of 474) had follow-up data. The ITT population was 470. Children ages 6 - 10 years (mean age 8.4 years) with FVC > 85% predicted. 239 participants randomized to dornase alfa and 235 to placebo. 410 completed the study. 49 CF centres.

# Interventions

Participants treated with 2.5 mg dornase alfa od or placebo.

#### Outcome measures

Pulmonary function (FEV1, FVC) and exacerbations, deaths, adverse events, change in weight for age. Measurements taken at week 4, 12 and every 12 weeks thereafter.

#### Main results

Patients were randomized, 239 to dornase alfa and 235 to placebo. At baseline the mean age was 8.4 years, the mean forced expiratory volume in 1 second 95% predicted, the mean forced expiratory flow, midexpiratory phase 85% predicted, and the mean forced vital capacity 102% predicted. At 96 weeks the treatment benefit for dornase alfa compared with placebo in percent predicted (mean +/- SE) was 3.2 +/- 1.2 for forced expiratory volume in 1 second (P =.006), 7.9 +/- 2.3 for forced expiratory flow between 25% and 75% of vital capacity (P =.0008), and 0.7 +/- 1.0 for forced vital capacity (P =.51). The risk of respiratory tract exacerbation was reduced by 34% in patients who received dornase alfa (relative risk 0.66, P =.048). There was no statistically significant difference between the groups in changes in weight-for-age percentile. Adverse event profiles for the treatment groups were similar.

# Authors' conclusions

Treatment of young patients with CF with dornase alfa maintains lung function and reduces the risk of exacerbations over a 96-week period.

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## See also

J Pediatr. 2001 Dec;139(6):813-20.

## Keywords

Child; Deoxyribonuclease; Airway clearance drugs -expectorants- mucolytic- mucociliary-; pharmacological\_intervention; placebo; Recombinant Proteins; Respiratory System Agents; Respiratory Tract Diseases; Dornase alpha; Pulmozyme; Inhalation OR nebulised; nebuliser;