

primary studies - published RCT

## **A randomized controlled trial of a new behavioral home-based nutrition education program, "Eat Well with CF," in adults with cystic fibrosis.**

**Code:** PM18442509

**Year:** 2008 **Date:** 2011

**Author:** Watson H

### **Participants**

16 males with stable CF, 8 children and 8 adults, and an FEV(1) > 45% predicted

### **Interventions**

Patients inhaled both preparations (Tobramycin (TOBI(R), 300 mg at 60 mg/ml) inhaled from the PARI LC PLUS(R) nebulizer and 1.5 ml of 100 mg/ml tobramycin solution delivered by an investigational eFlow(R) nebulizer) on two occasions with (99m) Tc-DTPA added to the tobramycin.

### **Outcome measures**

Blood samples were taken for quantification of tobramycin in the serum.

### **Main results**

The PARI LC PLUS(R) delivered 45.4 (39.3-51.6), mean and 95% CI, mg to the lungs in 17.0 +/- 2.5 min (mean +/- SD) with serum levels of 1,089 +/- 388 microg/L. The investigational eFlow(R) delivered 46.3(40.3-51.7) mg in 4.0 +/- 1.0 min with blood levels of 909 +/- 458 microg/L. Only the time of delivery was significantly different with P

### **Authors' conclusions**

These results demonstrate the possibility of delivering equivalent levels of tobramycin much faster into the lungs of CF patients when using eFlow(R), a very efficient electronic nebulizer.

<http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jada.2008.02.017>

### **See also**

J Am Diet Assoc. 2008 May;108(5):847-52.

### **Keywords**

Adolescent; Anti-Bacterial Agents; Pseudomonas aeruginosa; Pseudomonas; Tobramycin; Bacterial Infections; Infection; Inhalation OR nebulised; nebuliser; non pharmacological intervention - devices OR physiotherapy; pharmacological\_intervention; Respiratory Tract Diseases; Respiratory Tract Infections; Airway clearance technique; Vibration; Aminoglycosides; oscillating devices; Chest physiotherapy;