

primary studies - published RCT

A phase 3, double-blind, parallel-group study to evaluate the efficacy and safety of tezacaftor in combination with ivacaftor in participants 6 through 11 years of age with cystic fibrosis homozygous for F508del or heterozygous for the F508del-CFTR mutation and a residual function mutation.

Code: PM32967799 Year: 2021 Date: Author: Davies JC

## Study design (if review, criteria of inclusion for studies)

Randomized controlled trial

# **Participants**

6 through 11 years of age with cystic fibrosis (CF) homozygous for the F508del-CFTR mutation or heterozygous with a residual function-CFTR mutation (F/F or F/RF respectively).

#### Interventions

Participants were randomized 4:1 to tezacaftor/ivacaftor or a blinding group (placebo for F/F, ivacaftor for F/RF).

#### **Outcome measures**

The primary endpoint was within-group change from baseline in the lung clearance index 2-5 (LCI(2-5)) through Week 8. Secondary endpoints were change from baseline in sweat chloride (SwCI), cystic fibrosis questionnaire-revised (CFQ-R) respiratory domain score, and safety.

#### Main results

Sixty-seven participants received at least one study drug dose. Of those, 54 received tezacaftor/ivacaftor (F/F, 42; F/RF, 12), 10 placebo, and 3 ivacaftor; 66 completed the study. The within-group change in LCI(2·5) was significantly reduced (improved) by -0·51 (95% CI: -0·74, -0·29). SwCl concentration decreased (improved) by -12·3 mmol/L and CFQ-R respiratory domain score increased (improved, nonsignificantly) by 2·3 points. There were no serious adverse events (AEs) or AEs leading to tezacaftor/ivacaftor discontinuation or interruption. The most common AEs (≥10%) in participants receiving tezacaftor/ivacaftor were cough, headache, and productive cough.

## **Authors' conclusions**

Tezacaftor/ivacaftor improved lung function (assessed using LCI) and CFTR function (measured by SwCl concentration) in participants 6 through 11 years of age with F/F or F/RF genotypes. Tezacaftor/ivacaftor was safe and well tolerated; no new safety concerns were identified

http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jcf.2020.07.023

## See also

J Cyst Fibros. 2021 Jan;20(1):68-77. doi: 10.1016/j.jcf.2020.07.023. Epub 2020 Sep 21.

#### **Keywords**

Children; CFTR Modulators; Genetic Predisposition to Disease; pharmacological\_intervention; placebo; VX-770; VX-661; ivacaftor; Aminophenols; tezacaftor; VX-445; elexacaftor; non pharmacological intervention - diagn; Trikafta;