

primary studies - published, non RCT

# Immediate and long-term effects of chest physiotherapy in patients with cystic fibrosis.

Code: PM6620013 Year: 1983 Date: 1983

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### **Participants**

8 children with cystic fibrosis

## Interventions

chest physical therapy administered by a parent

#### **Outcome measures**

Spirometric and plethysmographic evaluations were performed pre-CPT and at 5 and 30 minutes post-CPT. The pre-CPT measurements after a three-week period with no CPT were compared with the values while receiving CPT on a regular twice daily basis.

#### Main results

There was a significant decrease after three weeks without CPT for FVC (P less than 0.025), FEV1 (P less than 0.005), FEF25-75 (P less than 0.005), and Vmax60TLC (P less than 0.025). When the patients had been receiving CPT on a regular basis, the only immediate effect was an increase in PEFR after 30 minutes post-CPT (P less than 0.05). After three weeks without CPT, there were increases at 30 minutes post-CPI for FVC (P less than 0.005) and Vmax60TLC (P less than 0.005).

#### Authors' conclusions

These findings indicate that although there may be little immediate functional improvement when CPT is received on a regular basis, a three-week period without CPT leads to a worsening of the functional status, which is reversed with renewal of regular CPT.

http://www.mrw.interscience.wiley.com/cochrane/clcentral/articles/329/CN-00032329/frame.html

## See also

The Journal of pediatrics YR: 1983 VL: 103 NO: 4

## Keywords

Adolescent; Airway clearance technique; Child; non pharmacological intervention - psyco-soc-edu-org; non pharmacological intervention - devices OR physiotherapy; Percussion; pharmacological\_intervention; Vibration; Chest physiotherapy; Respiratory System Agents; oscillating devices;