

primary studies - published RCT

A multicenter study of alternate-day prednisone therapy in patients with cystic fibrosis. Cystic Fibrosis Foundation Prednisone Trial Group.

Code: PM7699528

Year: 1995 **Date:** 1999

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Study design (if review, criteria of inclusion for studies)

RCT

Participants

26 stable patients (median+/-SD forced expiratory volume in one second (FEV1) 58.1+/-19.9% pred.). Study group (n=12), control group (n=14).

Interventions

study group (500 microg b.i.d. of inhaled corticosteroids, for three weeks) or the control group (n=14; nonsteroid medication). Sputum samples were obtained during inhalation of hypertonic saline (3%, 20 min), which was found not to alter the investigated sputum parameters.

Outcome measures

clinical parameters, sputum leukocyte count, activity of myeloperoxidase, and superoxide anion release

Main results

No significant changes in clinical parameters, sputum leukocyte count, activity of myeloperoxidase, and baseline superoxide anion release were observed following therapy. Surprisingly, stimulated superoxide anion release increased significantly after therapy (34.1+/-17.7 versus 25.2+/-17.4 nmol x hr⁻¹) x 10⁶ cells, p

Authors' conclusions

in adult cystic fibrosis patients short-term fluticasone therapy had no evident effect on clinical and sputum parameters. Further investigations are necessary to evaluate whether the observed up-regulation of oxidative capacity of inflammatory cells is of concern or benefit in these patients.

[http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0022-3476\(95\)70343-8](http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0022-3476(95)70343-8)

See also

J Pediatr. 1995 Apr;126(4):515-23.

Keywords

Adolescent; Adult; Budesonide; Hormones; Inhalation OR nebulised; pharmacological_intervention; Pregnenediones; Respiratory Tract Diseases; Steroids; Anti-Inflammatory Agents;