

primary studies - published RCT

# Ursodeoxycholic acid for liver disease associated with cystic fibrosis: a double-blind multicenter trial. The Italian Group for the Study of Ursodeoxycholic Acid in Cystic Fibrosis.

**Code:** PM8675168 **Year:** 1996 **Date:** 1996 **Author:** Colombo C

# Study design (if review, criteria of inclusion for studies)

double-blind, multicenter randomized controlled trial

# **Participants**

12 centers, 55 CF patients with liver disease (39 male subjects; median age, 13.8 years).

### Interventions

Patients were randomly assigned to receive for 1 year one of the following treatments: UDCA (15 mg/kg body weight daily) plus taurine (30 mg/kg body weight daily), UDCA plus placebo, placebo plus taurine, or double placebo.

### **Outcome measures**

Clinical and laboratory evaluations were performed every 3 months.

# Main results

After 1 year, deterioration of overall clinical conditions, as indicated by the Shwachman-Kulczycki score (SKS), occurred in patients who received placebo but not in those who received UDCA (P = .025). Patients treated with UDCA also showed an improvement in gamma-glutamyl transpeptidase (GGT) (P = .004) and 5'-nucleotidase (P = .006) levels. Treatment with taurine was followed by a significant increase in serum prealbumin levels (P = .053), a trend toward a reduction in fat malabsorption, and no effect on the biochemical profile. No severe side effects occurred with any treatment.

# **Authors' conclusions**

UDCA administration improves clinical and biochemical parameters in CF patients with liver disease. Taurine supplementation may be indicated in patients with severe pancreatic insufficiency and poor nutritional status.

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# See also

Hepatology. 1996 Jun;23(6):1484-90.

## **Keywords**

Adolescent; Adult; Child; Cholagogues and Choleretics; Combined Modality Therapy; Gastrointestinal Agents; Gastrointestinal Diseases; Liver Diseases; non pharmacological intervention - diet; pharmacological\_intervention; Supplementation; taurine; UDCA; Malabsorption; Nutrition Disorders; Amino Acids; Proteins;