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primary studies - published RCT

## **Ursodeoxycholic acid improves the hepatic metabolism of essential fatty acids and retinol in children with cystic fibrosis.**

**Code:** PM9003851

**Year:** 1997 **Date:** 1997

**Author:** Lepage G

### **Study design (if review, criteria of inclusion for studies)**

Double-blind, placebo-controlled, randomised cross-over trial. 1 year duration (2 periods of 6 months each).

### **Participants**

19 (13 males; 6 girls) children with CF and liver dysfunction, aged 7 - 17 years (mean (SD) 11.9 (0.6) years). 6 withdrawals (1 died, 4 moved away, 1 discontinued medication).

### **Interventions**

UDCA (15 mg/kg/day) versus placebo.

### **Outcome measures**

Liver function tests (AST, ALT, GGT), plasma lipid levels (total fatty acids, triglycerides, cholesterol), plasma RBP, transthyretin, retinol, retinyl ester levels.

### **Main results**

At entry, all patients had biochemical evidence of EFA deficiency. The lipid profiles during an average period of 25 months of follow-up showed a significant decrease in triglycerides (p

### **Authors' conclusions**

This study confirms that UDCA alters lipoprotein metabolism and shows that it improves the EFA and retinol status of patients with CF and liver disease.

[http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0022-3476\(97\)70310-X](http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0022-3476(97)70310-X)

### **See also**

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### **Keywords**

Adolescent; Child; Cholagogues and Choleretics; non pharmacological intervention - diet; pharmacological\_intervention; UDCA; essential fatty acids; Liver Diseases; Gastrointestinal Diseases; Gastrointestinal Agents;